

1 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 틀린 것을 고르시오.

I recently ①began attending a famous high school in Oxford on scholarship. It ②takes two hours or more each way to commute. In the beginning, I ③was willing to accept the challenge. However, as the long days continue, I'm not sure this school is right for me. Also my relationship with my family ④got worse since I started. I ⑤come home too tired to talk with them.

2 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

나는 어제부터 아무것도 먹지 못해 배가 고프다.
I'm hungry because I _____ anything since yesterday.

- ① didn't eat ② don't eat
- ③ am not eating ④ haven't eaten
- ⑤ hadn't eaten

3 우리말과 일치하도록 ()안에 주어진 단어를 배열하시오.

우리는 십 년째 친구이다.
(have, friends, we, for, been)
→ _____ ten years.

4 다음 중 어법상 옳은 것을 모두 고르시오.

- ① I am knowing those girls.
- ② She will play the piano since 2005.
- ③ Did you go shopping yesterday?
- ④ The new movie is coming soon.
- ⑤ He is wearing a hat when I saw him.

5 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿀 때 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

Mom went to Paris. She is not here now.
→ Mom _____ to Paris.

6 우리말과 일치하도록 ()안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하시오. 너 부산에 가본적 있니? (ever, be)
→ _____ to Pusan?

7 우리말과 일치하도록 ()안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하시오.

“누군가가 내 지갑을 훔쳐가서 나는 지금 아무것도 살 수 없다. (steal, purse)”
→ Because someone _____, I can't buy anything now.

8 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장을 고르시오.

- ① I will help you carry the box.
- ② He has not cleaned his desk yet.
- ③ They are waiting for a bus now.
- ④ He has gone to Sydney last year.
- ⑤ She is going to meet him tonight.

9 빈칸에 들어갈 말이 순서대로 바르게 짝지어진 것은?

- She has studied physics _____ three years.
- He has run the company _____ 2006.

- ① in - at ② for - at ③ since - for
- ④ in - since ⑤ for - since

10 보기의 밑줄 친 부분과 쓰임이 같은 것을 고르시오.

보기 | He has just been to the market.

- ① I have heard the song before.
- ② I have already read the magazine.
- ③ Have you ever been to South Africa?
- ④ I have used this pen since last year.
- ⑤ My dad has had this car for ten years.

11 밑줄 친 부분의 쓰임이 올바른 것은?

- ① He was riding a bicycle next week.
- ② She was running a blog now.
- ③ The game will be exciting yesterday.
- ④ He has lost his watch a few days ago.
- ⑤ I have been a designer since last year.

12 빈칸에 들어갈 말이 순서대로 바르게 짝지어진 것은?

- He _____ ill last Saturday.
- He _____ ill since last Saturday.

- ① is - was
- ② was - is
- ③ was - was
- ④ was - has been
- ⑤ has been - was

13 괄호 안에서 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

I (lived, have lived) in Seoul since I was born.

14 괄호 안에 주어진 말을 사용하여 우리말을 영어로 옮기시오.

(한 단어를 추가할 것)

① 그들은 막 저녁 식사를 마쳤다.
(they, just finished, dinner)

→ _____

② 그는 아직 상자를 열지 않았다.
(he, opened, the box, yet)

→ _____

15 괄호 안에서 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

① Have you had lunch (already, yet)?

② Mr.Black has lived in Korea (since, for) ten years.

16 어법상 어색한 부분이 있는 문장은?

- ① When have you met Julia?
- ② She has gone to America.
- ③ How long have you been here?
- ④ My grandfather died three years ago.
- ⑤ Yumi hasn't finished washing the dishes.

17 주어진 문장의 밑줄 친 부분과 쓰임이 같은 것은?

My younger brother has never seen a tiger.

- ① I've just read one page.
- ② He has gone to Toronto.
- ③ I've not seen it for a long time.
- ④ She has been to New York twice.
- ⑤ How long have you worked here?

18 밑줄 친 현재완료의 쓰임을 보기에서 골라 쓰시오.

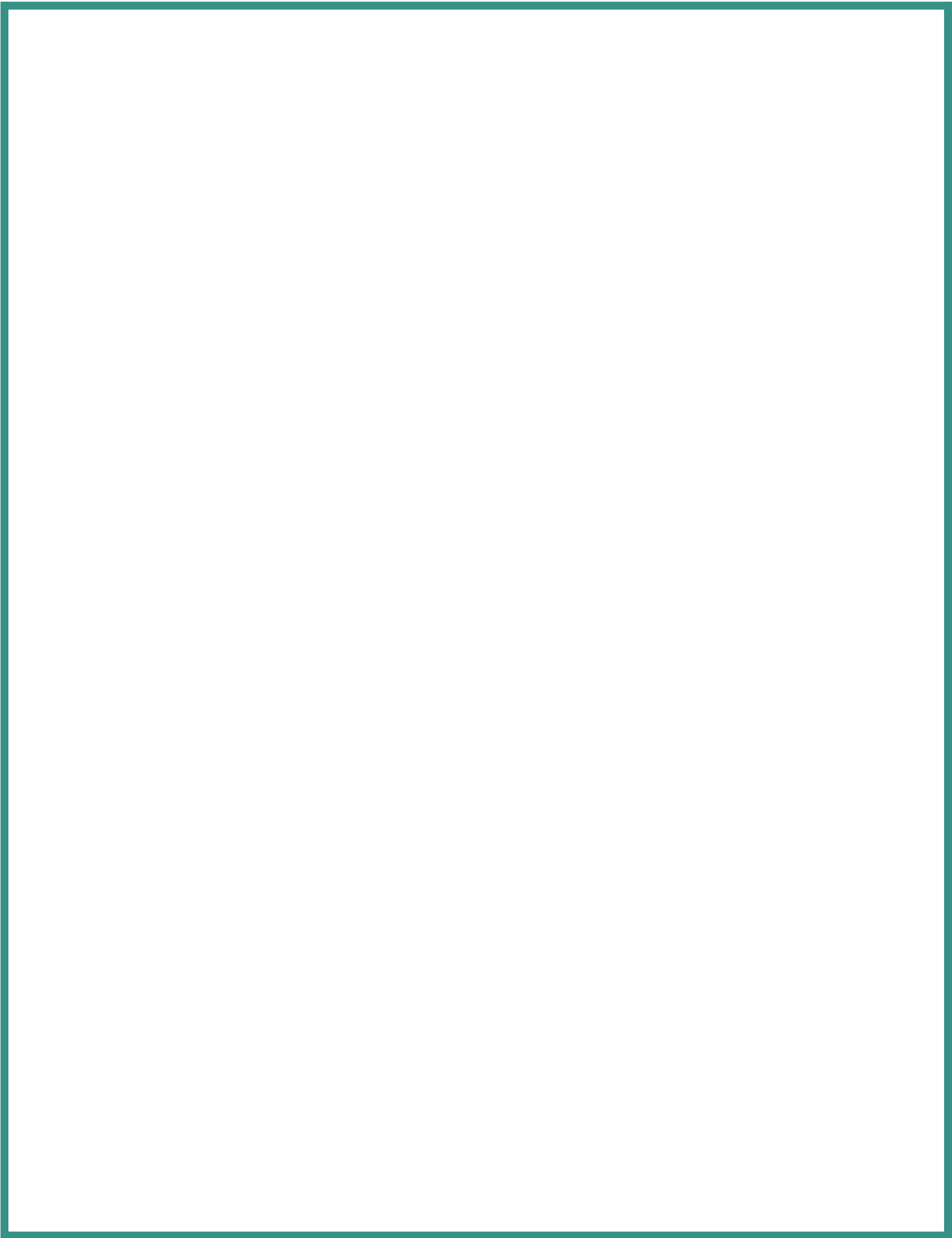
[보기] 경험 완료 계속 결과

- (1) I have left my cell phone at home.

- (2) We have been married for 10 years.

- (3) He has not decided what to order yet.

- (4) My brother has never been abroad.



1 [정답] ④

[해설] 과거에서 현재까지 계속된 일을 나타내므로 현재완료형 has gotten을 써야 한다.

2 [정답] ④

[해설] 어제부터 먹지 않은 상태가 현재에도 이어지고 있으므로 현재 완료를 써야 한다.

3 [정답] We have been friends for

[해설] 과거 어느 시점에서부터 현재까지 계속되고 있는 상태를 나타내므로 현재완료를 쓴다.

4 [정답] ③, ④

[해설] ① am knowing → know ② will play → has played ⑤ is → was

5 [정답] has gone

[해설] 과거 행동으로 인한 결과가 현재까지 영향을 미치고 있을 때 현재완료를 쓴다.

6 [정답] Have you ever been

[해설] 과거부터 현재까지의 경험은 현재완료로 나타낸다.

7 [정답] has stolen my purse

[해설] 과거 행동으로 인한 결과가 현재까지 영향을 미치고 있을 때 현재완료를 쓴다.

8 [정답] ④

[해설] has gone → went 과거를 나타내는 부사구(last year)는 현재완료와 같이 쓸 수 없다.

9 [정답] ⑤

[해설] for + 기간: ~동안 / since + 시점: ~이래로

10 [정답] ②

[해설] 보기와 ②는 현재완료의 <완료>를 나타낸다. ①, ③은 <경험>, ④, ⑤는 <계속>을 나타낸다.

11 [정답] ⑤

[해설] ① will[is going to] ride ② is running ③ was ④ lost

12 [정답] ④

[해설] 첫 번째 빈칸은 과거를 나타내는 부사구(last Saturday)가 있으므로 과거시제가 와야 한다. 두 번째 빈칸은 since가 있으므로 현재 완료가 와야 한다.

13 [정답] have lived

14 [정답]

- ① They have just finished dinner.
- ② He hasn't opened the box yet.

15 [정답]

- ① yet
- ② for

16 [정답] ①

[해설] When did you meet Julia?로 정정하자.

17 [정답] ④

18 [정답]

- (1) 결과
- (2) 계속
- (3) 완료
- (4) 경험